

CFO Insights Report

# A New Role In Managing Uncertainty



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# Foreword



**Christopher Juneau**  
Head of SAP Concur  
Market Strategy

The CFO’s critical new role in managing the unexpected will further elevate them in the organization.

Welcome to the October 2023 SAP Concur CFO Insights report, which tackles the emerging theme of CFOs taking increasing responsibility for managing uncertainty in their organizations.

The CFO role continues to grow and evolve as their analytical skills and insights become even more valuable in a climate of economic turmoil. Our global survey found that an emphatic 90% of senior finance leaders agree their key task today is to prepare business for the unexpected. Only a mere 2% disagree.

Businesses need certainty to plan and grow, but they rarely get it these days. Instead, the IMF’s [World Uncertainty Index](#) has trended clearly towards growing economic instability since 2000, pushed by events such as the dotcom crash, the Global Financial Crisis,

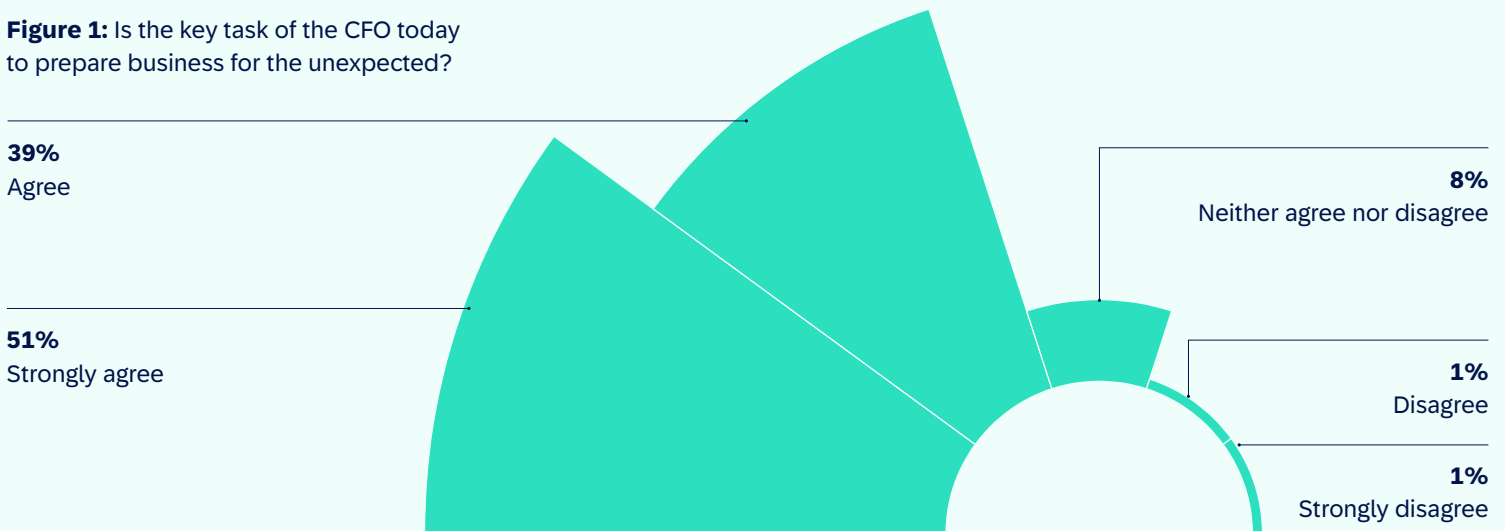
Brexit, and the COVID-19 pandemic. Since 2022, the Ukraine war has sparked yet another surge in economic upheaval, with supply chain disruptions, rampant inflation, and higher costs of capital.

In this report, we investigate how CFOs’ increased responsibility for managing risk and uncertainty impacts their role. We look at the challenges and opportunities, considering how they should respond and position themselves and their teams.

The ripple effects will be felt across the organization, from forecasting and analytics to innovation, artificial intelligence, and their relationships with other senior leaders, such as chief human resources officers (CHROs). Though managing instability is a tough job, we believe it will ultimately propel well-equipped CFOs to greater heights.

“Businesses need certainty to plan and grow, but they rarely get it these days.”

**Figure 1:** Is the key task of the CFO today to prepare business for the unexpected?



**Q:** “To what extent do you agree with the following statement? ‘The key task of the CFO today is to prepare their business for the unexpected’”



# Exec summary

SAP Concur surveyed 220 chief financial officers and senior finance leaders for its latest CFO Insights report.

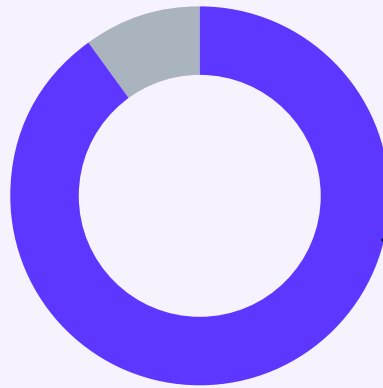
The research, carried out in July and August 2023, covered the USA, Australia, Canada, UK, Germany, Brazil, and Mexico. It included a wide range of sectors from financial to healthcare, utilities, consumer and industrial.

## CFOs embrace new role in managing uncertainty

Amid economic turmoil, businesses are turning to the CFO to manage risks and navigate uncertainty.



Four of their top five external challenges relate to economic turmoil

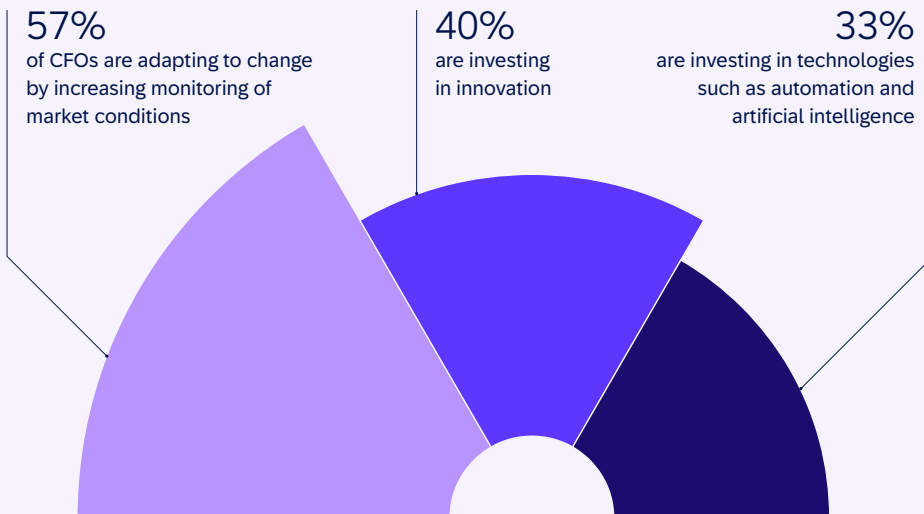


# 90%

of senior finance leaders say their main task today is to prepare business for the unexpected

## Investment in forecasting rises

CFOs' biggest investments are in data analytics and reporting as they address their top internal challenge — rising complexity in financial forecasting.



57% of CFOs are adapting to change by increasing monitoring of market conditions

40% are investing in innovation

33% are investing in technologies such as automation and artificial intelligence



# 27%

of CFOs face increasing demands for forecasting agility

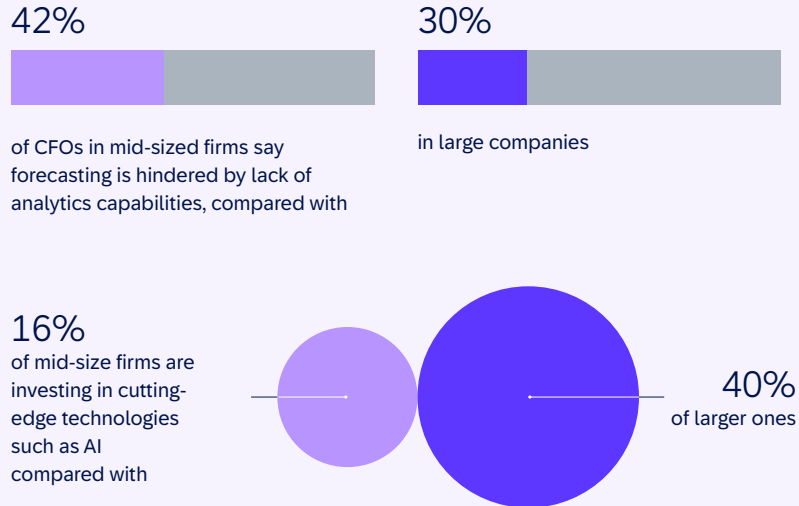
**AI will be a threat and critical partner**

Though nearly all finance leaders are worried about the threat from artificial intelligence, many also see it as an essential tool for managing the unexpected.



**Mid-sized firms need help with innovation and forecasting analytics**

CFOs in mid-sized firms are focused on tightening budgets and upgrading their finance function to compete with larger peers. But they also need help with forecasting and investment in innovation.

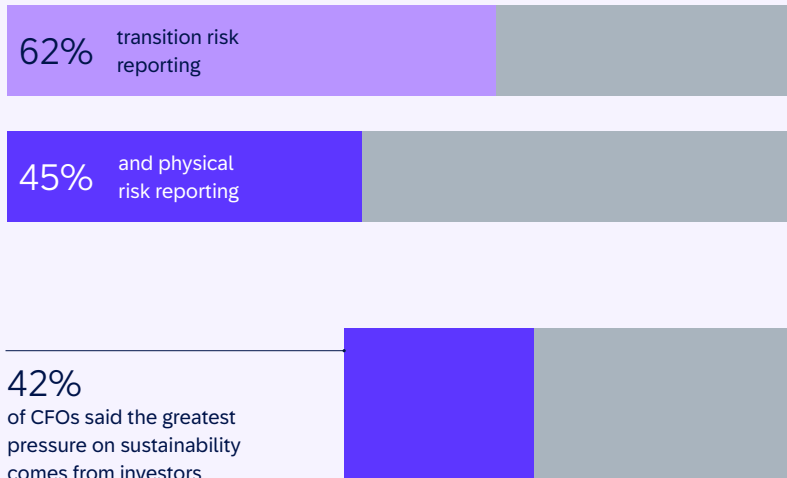


**Investors push for sustainability reporting**

Climate change is low on the list of external challenges for CFOs, but investors still push companies towards sustainable practices.

The associated focus on environmental, social and governance (ESG) reporting can transform CFO roles further. But they need accurate, transparent, and consistent reporting and integrated data.

The top ESG-related demands are for



**CFOs need a closer relationship with HR**

Finance leaders acknowledge that they must collaborate more effectively with HR leaders, especially on business performance metrics and common databases.

This reflects their changing relationship as more HR heads report to the CEO rather than the CFO.



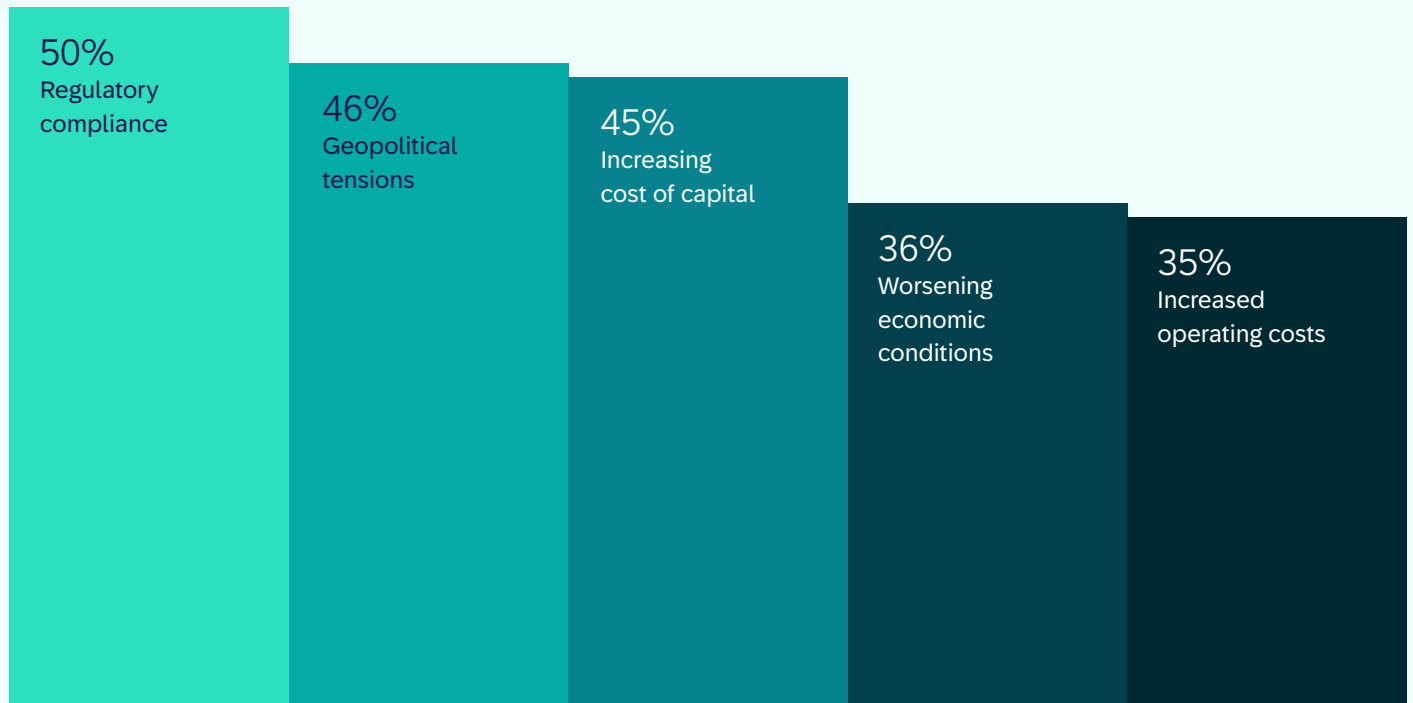
# CFOs take center stage by managing uncertainty and risk

As CFOs respond to growing economic instability, risk management, forecasting and budgeting are the top challenges.

As economic turmoil continues to grow, CFOs are increasingly responsible for managing uncertainty in their organizations. This critical new part of the finance role involves focusing more proactively on identifying and mitigating risks in the business.

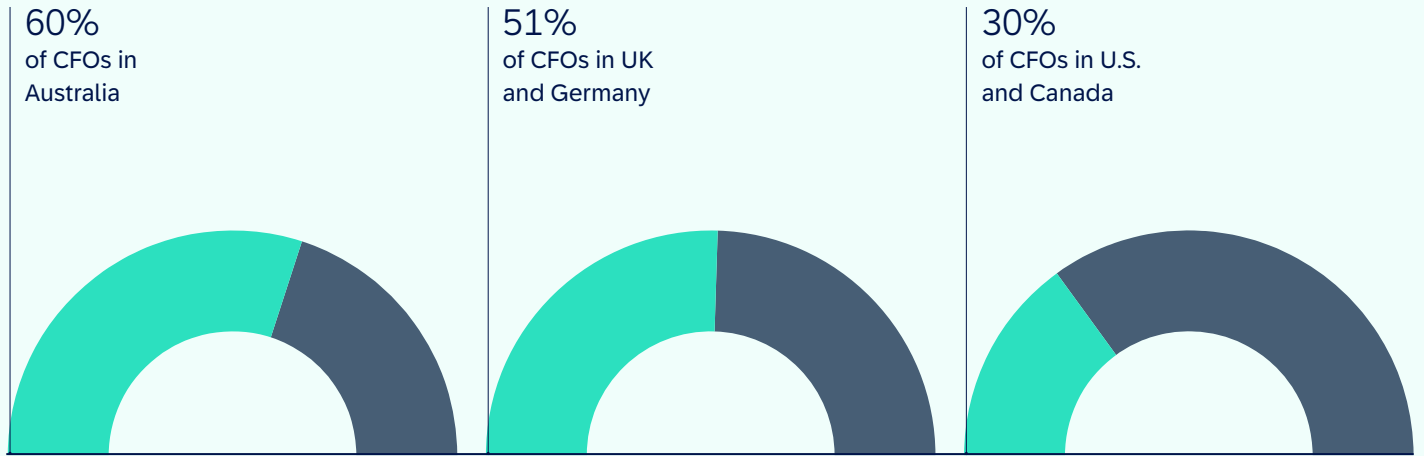
Our global research with CFOs shows four of the top five external business challenges relate to global economic turmoil. Geopolitical tensions, worsening financial conditions, rising costs of capital, and increasing operating expenses all rate in the top five, alongside regulatory compliance.

**Figure 2:** What are CFOs' top external challenges?



Q: "Which of the listed options do you feel represent the greatest external challenges to your business?" [rank order, select at least three]

**Figure 3:** Who sees increasing cost of capital as a top 3 external challenge?



Business uncertainty has climbed for some time, as factors such as Brexit, the COVID-19 pandemic, and the Ukraine war have disrupted the certainty that businesses need. Uncertainty measures, including those from the [IME](#), show a clear upward trend over the last 10 to 20 years, and the perception of instability has accelerated since 2016.

Finance leaders are the front line in managing this reduced predictability and preparing businesses for the unexpected. This responsibility will elevate their already critical role in organizations as they take charge of managing risks around heightened inflation and interest rates, digital disruption, and international trade wars, among many others.

**Regulation climbs the agenda**

The other big external issue for CFOs is regulatory compliance, which 50% cite as a top risk. While CFOs have often played an important role in compliance, this responsibility has grown as regulators across sectors have introduced an ever-increasing number of rules and stricter penalties. Fines are increasingly linked to company revenues; in some cases, they have no upper limit.

“The CFO’s augmented role in managing risk also feeds into their top internal challenge - the growing complexity of forecasting and budgeting.

An example is the EU’s strict General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). Fines for breaches are capped at €20 million or 4% of revenue and have reportedly totalled over €4 billion so far.

**Internal risk focus**

The CFO’s augmented role in managing risk also feeds into their top internal challenge - the growing complexity of forecasting and budgeting. This was closely followed by cost management, measuring and reporting key metrics, and managing new technology and digital transformation.

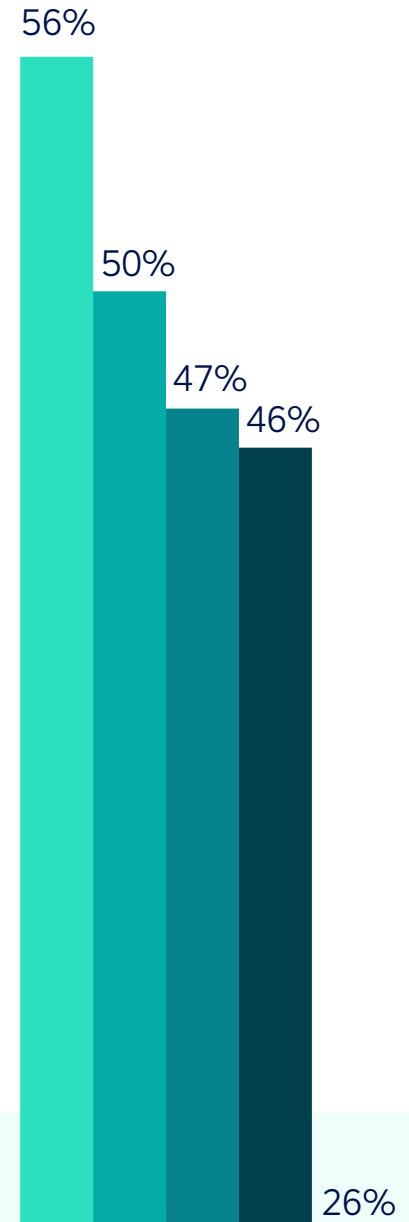
Economic conditions are so uncertain that previous priorities such as climate change, increasing customer expectations, and talent shortages have been pushed off the list of most-pressing corporate issues.

“ In the U.S, many companies are wrestling with issues such as diversity or hybrid working, reflecting an elevated spend on collaboration tools.

However, there are variations. In the UK and Germany, 51% said increasing cost of capital is a top three challenge versus just 30% in the U.S. CFOs in northern Europe are more troubled by the cost of capital than those in Mexico and Brazil, where interest rates are above 10%.

And in the U.S, many companies are wrestling with other issues, such as diversity or hybrid working, reflecting an elevated spend on collaboration tools.

Accurate forecasting is hindered by multiple challenges, including unpredictable economic conditions, difficulty pricing risk, and data and analysis issues. We drill down into these challenges in the next article.



**Figure 4:** What are CFOs' top internal challenges?

Growing complexity of forecasting/ budgeting

Cost management

Measuring and reporting key metrics

New technology/ digital transformation

Diversity pressures

**Q:** "Which of the listed options do you feel represent the greatest internal challenges to your business?" [rank order, select at least three]



# CFOs invest heavily to tackle forecasting challenges

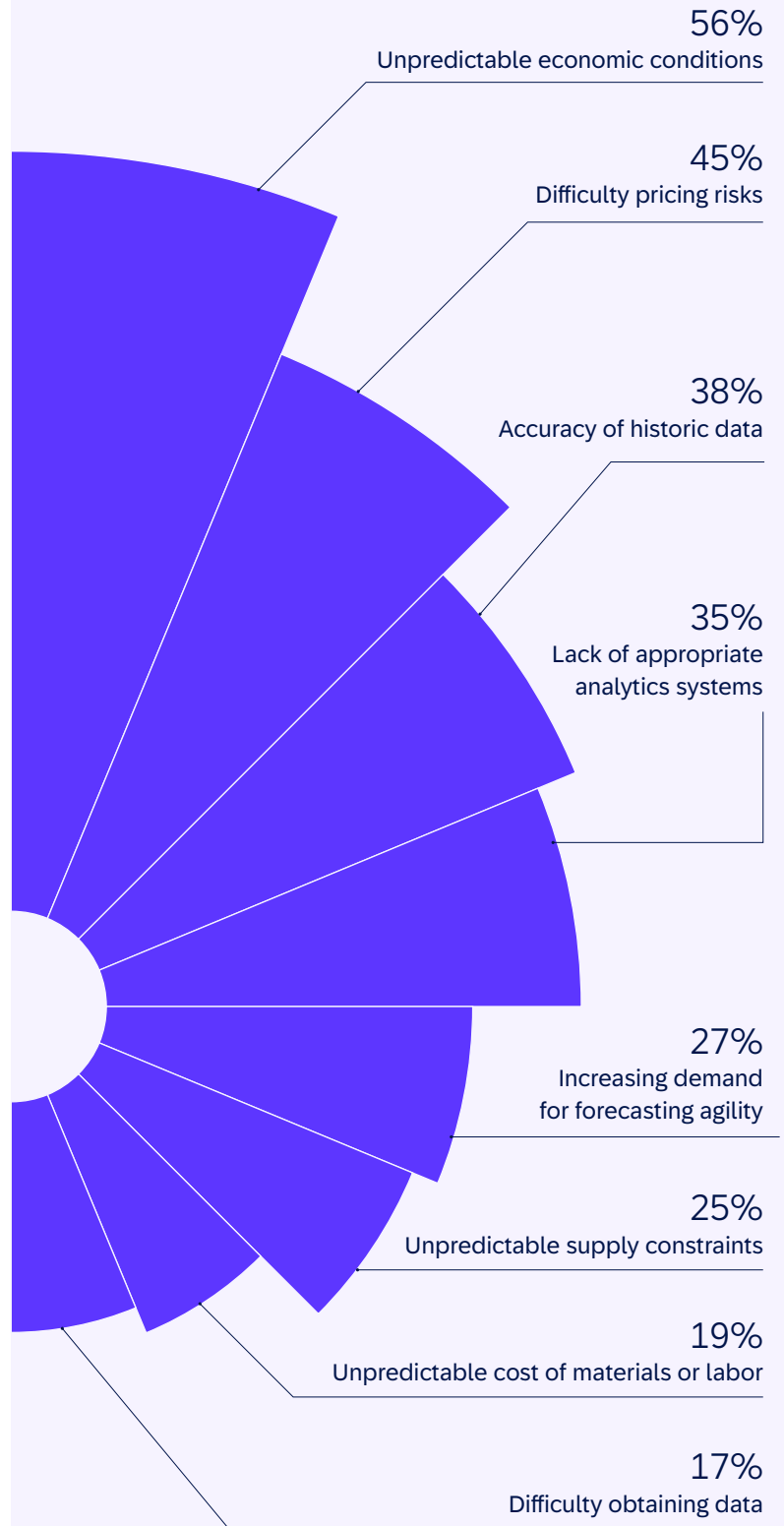
CFOs’ investment priorities are data analytics and reporting, but many still lack the right tools and data.

Data analytics and reporting tools are the biggest areas of investment for CFOs in their new role as uncertainty-reducer-in-chief. In stormy seas, a map and compass are even more important than strong sails and a watertight hull.

Fifty-five percent of all CFOs are investing in data analytics and reporting tools right now. And most of the 10 investment areas mentioned in our global survey relate to increasing reliance on data and technology to drive down risk and ensure business stability.

These investments include expenditure management systems (42%), collaboration tools (37%), digital transformation of finance processes (37%), learning management systems (35%), predictive analytics and advanced modeling (24%), and artificial intelligence (15%).

Figure 5: What is making forecasting difficult?



Q: “What do you feel are the most significant factors confounding your ability to make accurate forecasts? Please select all that apply” [unranked]



**Forecasting challenges and opportunities**

Many CFOs still face a challenge to update their forecasting systems and improve data accuracy. Even when a company’s analytics infrastructure has been upgraded, its value will only be realized when its data feeds are robust and accurate. For those who have been working hard on improving data analytics, the results have been exciting.

The key is combining financial information with non-financials, such as market, sales, operational, and people data, which can all be leading indicators of financial impacts. By combining both in a sophisticated model, finance can help the business understand what drives performance and provide insights to improve decisions.

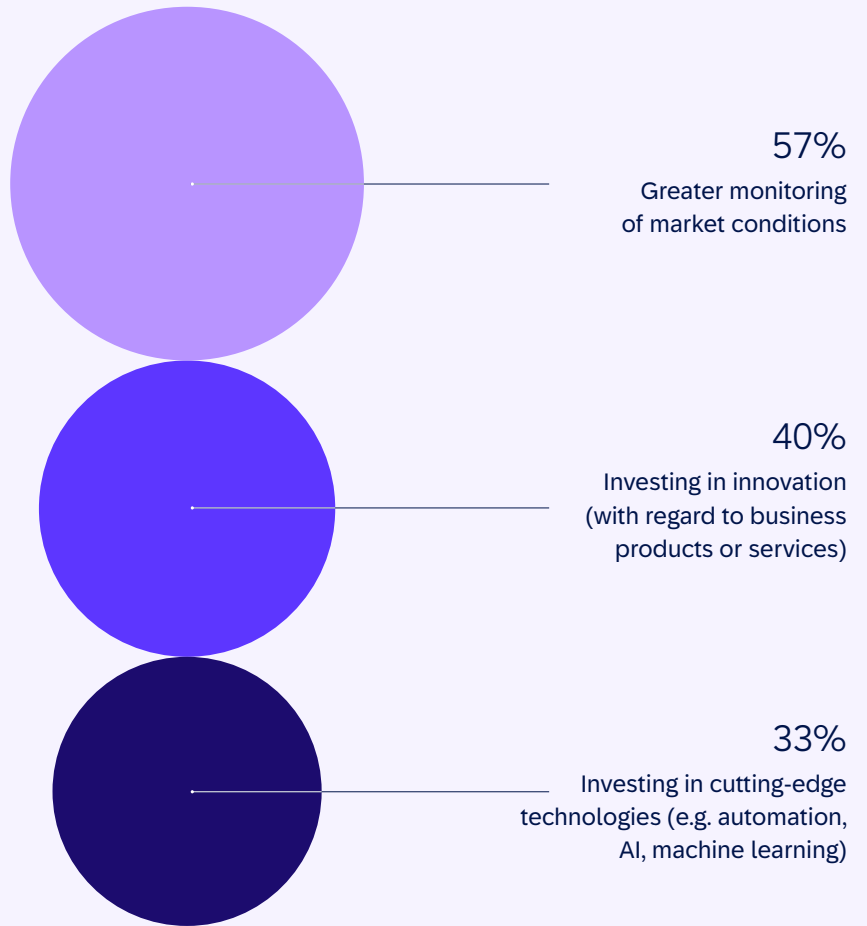
With the right data strategy, technology, and skills, CFOs find they can use analytics to improve almost any aspect of the business, from supply chain efficiency to sales forecasts and risk management.

Practical applications include anything from improving loan approvals to reducing customer churn, measuring effectiveness of user incentives, managing supply and demand, reaching new customers, identifying fraud, monitoring competition, predicting orders, adjusting pricing, and measuring product profitability.

Conversely, as companies rely more on data to drive performance in these ways, using poor-quality data has become one of the biggest threats to their reputation.

This is reflected in our survey. While the biggest factors affecting CFOs’ ability to forecast accurately are unpredictable economic conditions and difficulty pricing risks, the next most pressing challenges are accuracy of historic data (38%) and lack of appropriate analytics systems (35%).

**Figure 6:** What are CFOs’ strategies for reacting to change?



**Q:** “Which of the listed strategies is your business adopting to enhance its ability to react to changing circumstances?” [unranked]

Assessing the financial impact of risks is related to improved data and analytics, as the latter should help CFOs assess and price risks better in forecasts.

These are critical issues for finance leaders, as many boards and investors now expect them to have superior forecasting abilities to help navigate unprecedented economic conditions. Some 27% of CFOs said they face increasing demands for forecasting agility.

Their focus on investment should help. For example, investing in systems that allow multiple model-forecasting scenarios enables faster adjustment to changing conditions. Providing they are based on robust data, these systems can enable better evaluation of opportunities and resources, and more dynamic improvement of processes and workflows.

For example, finance leaders can analyze historic trends; look for new emerging marketing techniques; and include a wider range of factors to improve forecasting accuracy. These technologies also work better when linked with efficient automation processes.

### How CFOs are adapting to change

The SAP Concur global CFO survey also looked at the issue of managing uncertainty by asking CFOs about their firm's strategies for adapting to change.

In this economic environment, it would be easy to assume their go-to strategy is slashing costs. Instead, CFOs say they are adapting by increasing monitoring of market conditions (57%). They are also investing in innovation (40%) and cutting-edge technologies such as automation and artificial intelligence (33%). Budget tightening didn't make the top three.

“ CFOs say they are adapting to change by increasing monitoring of market conditions, and investing in innovation and cutting-edge technologies.

One caveat is that budget tightening is a priority in smaller firms - second only to greater monitoring. Investing in innovation is much higher (56%) in larger companies compared to smaller ones (35%). We discuss the differences between firms of various sizes in more detail in article five of this report, which analyzes the issues facing mid-sized firms.

### AI and analytics

Though the proportion of CFOs investing in artificial intelligence (AI) is currently small at 15%, this area has enormous potential. AI can help finance leaders in many ways, from improving financial analytics to tracking performance and spotting growth opportunities.

CFOs can also combine AI and analytics to adapt to change in multiple ways, such as improving risk management and forecasting speed and accuracy. The next article looks at these approaches in more detail.

# How finance can harness AI and analytics

CFOs view artificial intelligence as both a threat and a critical partner in helping manage uncertainty.

Say hello to your new frenemy - artificial intelligence (AI).

Though many CFOs are concerned about the threat from AI, they also believe it will be an essential part of their new role in managing the unexpected and a tool for driving broader business goals.

Several of the top impacts of AI mentioned by finance leaders in our survey are outward facing, rather than narrow internal wins such as cutting costs. Given a list of 10 areas AI is likely to influence, task automation came only ninth. Instead, CFOs hope AI will spot data patterns to drive improved efficiency and reduce risk. They expect it will provide more and better-quality insights (28%), more accurate forecasting (24%), and better risk management (66%).

But overall efficiency will be a crucial goal, with 82% of CFOs believing AI will make business operations leaner.

### How AI can optimize tax

AI's potential for optimizing tax payments also generates a buzz - some 47% of finance leaders believe AI can significantly impact this area. It could help tax functions save time, optimize operations, keep up with changing regulations around the world, and reduce the risk of fraud and errors - another way to cut business uncertainty.

For example, indirect taxes like VAT make spend management and compliance extremely complicated to manage with manual processes alone. [Concur Tax Assurance solutions by Blue dot](#) uses AI and machine learning to automatically identify VAT-eligible expenses, validate receipts, and optimize reclaim potential.

82% of CFOs believe AI will make business operations leaner.

**Figure 7:** Will AI be an essential tool in managing the unexpected?



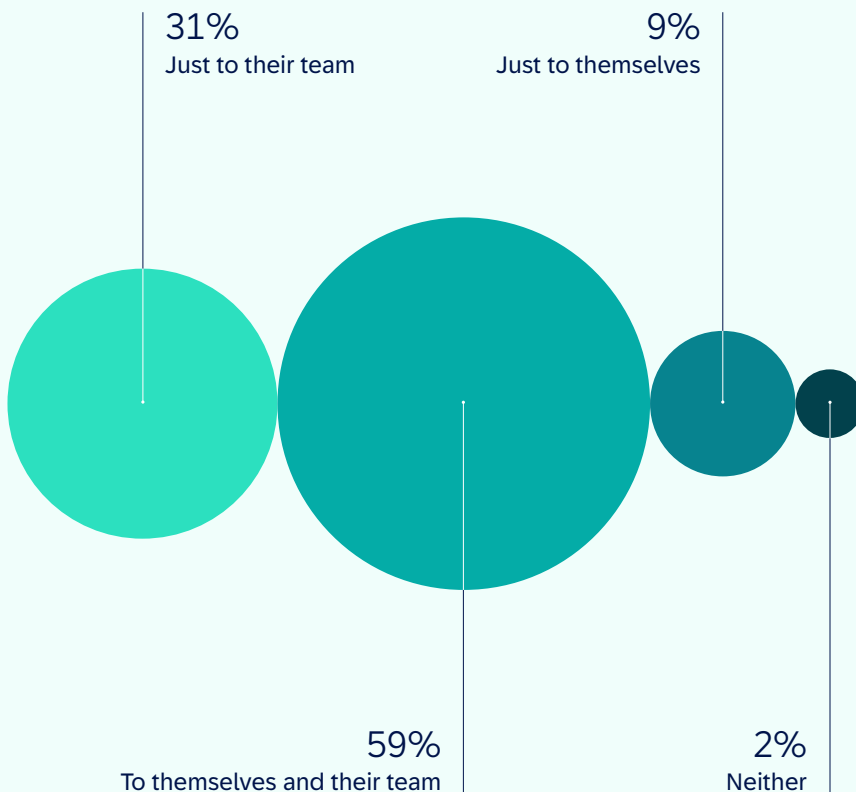
**Q:** “To what extent do you agree with the following statement? ‘AI will be an essential tool in helping us manage the unexpected’”

**Figure 8:** Where are the most important opportunities for AI in the finance team?



**Q:** “Considering the increasing business applications of AI, which of the following scenarios do you feel are most likely to materialize from the point of view of the finance team?”

**Figure 9:** Do CFOs feel AI is a threat to their position or the positions of their team?



Concur Benefits Assurance solutions by Blue dot also uses these technologies to help tax functions automatically track, report, and calculate taxable employee benefits.

**Countering the threat to the CFO role**

Despite the optimism about AI’s potential, CFOs feel nervous. Sixty-eight percent believe AI threatens their own position, and only 2% think it poses no risks to themselves or their team.

One way to counter this threat is to demonstrate understanding of the opportunities and risks in AI and use it as a partner. As AI and analytics evolve, they will offer CFOs [many opportunities](#) to revolutionize financial operations, enhance decision-making, and gain a competitive edge.

For example, AI and analytics can be used to:

- forecast in near real-time
- simplify compliance and reduce errors
- support demand planning by analyzing external factors and market monitoring
- automate data entry, such as inputting invoices and tracking receivables
- improve invoice matching and devise payment and collection strategies
- respond to threats and opportunities more quickly by automating risk assessment
- generate tailored financial plans.

But AI also comes with wide-ranging risks and challenges, including around data privacy, cybersecurity, copyright, bias, and hallucination - wrongly presenting something as fact. CFOs must, among other things, implement strong security and privacy measures, and promote ethical AI practices.

It’s also critical to ensure finance software has AI embedded, allowing users to easily activate intelligent solutions and apply them to existing data to tailor applications. These measures will help to unlock the full potential of AI, using it as a powerful ally for the benefit of the organization. Rather than threatening the CFO role, it could elevate it further.

# How the sustainability agenda can transform the CFO

Investors are pushing finance leaders hard on sustainability. The focus on ESG reporting could transform the CFO role.

Sustainability-related pressures on CFOs are growing - especially from investors, who are pushing for more ESG reporting.

In our survey, only 11% of CFOs said climate change was a top three external challenge, and it ranked below traditional CFO challenges such as regulation, cost of capital, and rising costs. This likely reflects the growing urgency of economic issues such as inflation and supply chain disruption over the last two years.

But the need to report on environmental, social, and governance (ESG) issues is still firmly on the agenda. CFOs say investors are pushing hard on sustainability issues - harder than customers, governments, employees, or regulators. Forty-two percent said the greatest pressure to transition to sustainable practices comes from investors. This compares with government and regulators (35%), consumers (12%), local communities (6%), and employees (only 2%).

**Figure 10:** What are stakeholders demanding on sustainability?

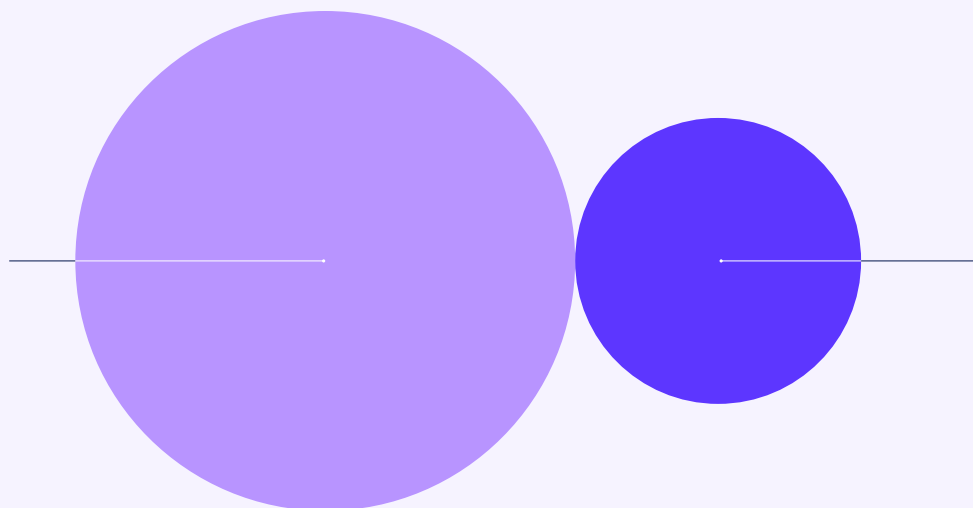


Q: "What are stakeholders' greatest demands with regard to sustainability? Please rank at least three"

Figure 11:

55%

of U.S. CFOs said stakeholders want action on diversity



18%  
in the UK  
and Germany

The associated pressure to step up ESG reporting could further transform the CFO role. It could give them the opportunity to focus on impacts far beyond financials in guiding their company towards a more certain and sustainable future. But they need accurate, transparent, and consistent reporting to meet regulatory rules, satisfy investors, and explain progress towards sustainability goals.

They must also integrate data across the business to ensure ESG is embedded in business strategy. And they need smart systems to help them gather the right data to support ESG reports and avoid errors. Integrated accounting systems with sophisticated auditing functions will avoid exposure to compliance, reputational, and financial risks.

#### What investors want

Stakeholders' top two demands focus on reporting on physical risks associated with ESG - such as supply chain disruption or environmental disasters - and transition risks, such as the cost of moving to net zero greenhouse gas emissions.

Initiatives such as using sustainable materials or improving diversity are further down some investors' priorities, and phasing out or divesting unsustainable businesses is bottom of the list.

However, there are large geographical differences. Nearly three times as many U.S. investors are pushing on diversity issues compared to those in the UK and Germany. In contrast, finance leaders in the UK and Germany experience much more pressure for physical risk reporting.

A growing number of studies evidence the link between corporate performance and diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI). Global frameworks such as the Principles for Responsible Investing encourage shareholders to invest with DEI in mind.

The geographical differences in DEI focus may be due to the slightly more diverse population in the U.S. compared to the UK and Germany. The Me Too and Black Lives Matter campaigns have also thrust issues around gender equality and racism into the public consciousness globally, but particularly in the U.S., where they originated. Expectations on how companies should respond to such societal topics are high in the world's largest economy.

CFOs are grappling with other non-financial issues, such as talent management and human resources; this field demands a detailed analysis, which we provide in article six. But first, in article five, we look at how CFO roles vary in different-sized companies.

# Three tough issues for CFOs at mid-sized firms

CFOs in mid-sized firms are focused on tightening budgets, but they also need help with forecasting and investment in innovation.

The tough reality is that mid-size companies play in the same playground as their bigger peers - global economic pressures apply to everyone. But if they can sort out their internal challenges, mid-size firms can compete effectively.

CFOs at mid-sized companies, which we define as having between 500 and 2,000 employees, face similar external challenges to larger firms. For both categories, regulatory compliance, geopolitical tensions, and increasing costs of capital are the top three outward-facing issues.

Medium-sized firms have prioritized upgrades to their finance function to help them compete with their larger peers in all these areas.

However, the internal issues in mid-sized firms are different. While large firms want to innovate out of their problems, their smaller peers are keener to cut budgets. Let's look in more detail at the three toughest inward-facing challenges for CFOs in mid-sized firms.

## **Tighter budgets**

CFOs in all companies are thinking about how they can enhance their ability to react to changing circumstances. In our global CFO survey, the chief focus is on greater monitoring of market conditions, at 59% of mid-sized firms and 51% of larger firms. But nearly twice as many mid-sized firms are also tightening budgets compared to larger companies.

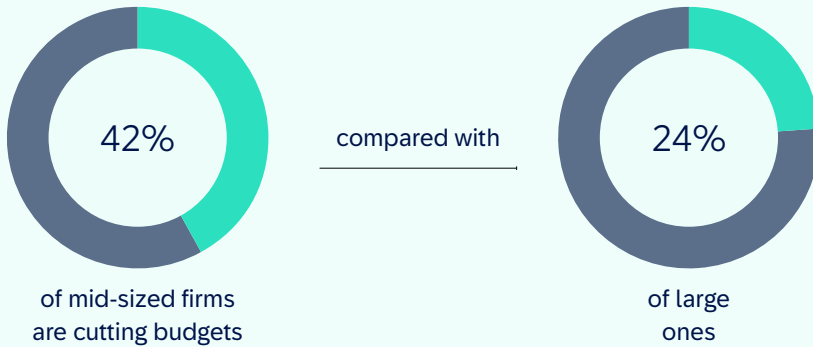


This links to the fact that mid-sized firms also feel strongly that operational inefficiency is a major internal test for the business - 38% ranked this as a top three challenge versus 12% at larger firms.

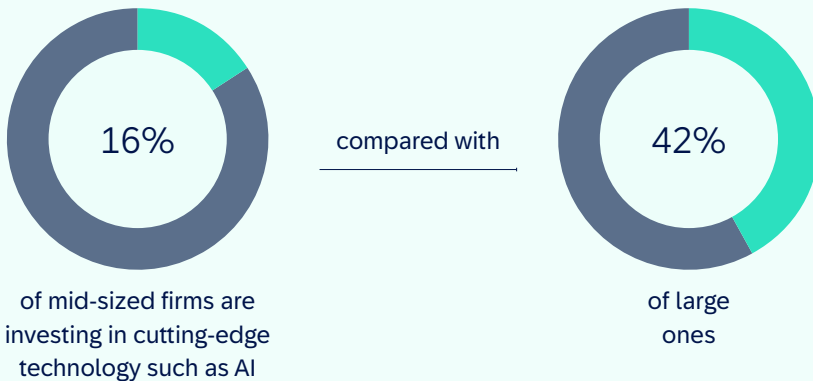
There is one exception, however - more mid-size firms want to increase remuneration to retain staff, perhaps reflecting the slightly larger issues they face with talent shortages.



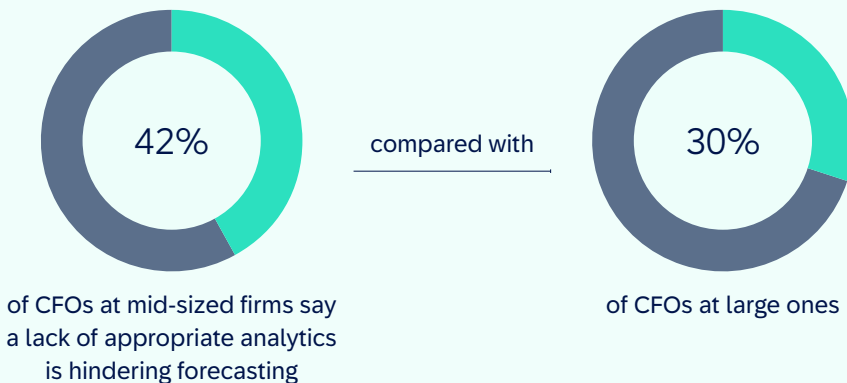
**Figure 12:** Tighter budgets



**Figure 13:** Investment



**Figure 14:** Forecasting



**Q:** “Which of the following strategies is your business adopting to enhance its ability to react to changing circumstances?” [unranked, Figure 12 and 13]

**Q:** “What do you feel are the most significant factors confounding your ability to make accurate forecasts?” [unranked, Figure 14]

**Need for innovation investment**

CFOs in mid-sized firms want to invest in innovation but are struggling and need help. Just 16% say they are investing in cutting-edge technology such as automation and artificial intelligence (AI), versus 42% in large firms. Consequently, 20% of CFOs at mid-size firms say lack of innovation is a top-three internal challenge versus only 6% of large-firm CFOs.

Integrated, cloud-based finance platforms can often be a key step towards the innovation they need by helping them streamline spend processes, cut costs, and make smarter business decisions. Some systems also now integrate AI to automate and streamline finance processes further.

For example, these systems can innovate by helping finance connect and analyze seemingly unrelated pieces of information, to drive more powerful insights or dive into the details uniquely relevant to each business.

**Forecasting**

Medium-sized firms need help with forecasting. One benefit of being a smaller firm is that they can escape some of the worst effects of complexity. Only 43% say the growing complications of forecasting and budgeting are a top three internal challenge to their business, compared with 63% of CFOs at larger firms.

However, CFOs in mid-sized firms say their forecasting is hindered by their lack of analytics capabilities, with 42% citing this as a problem. Again, integrated, cloud-based finance platforms can help. They include powerful, intelligent analytics to help take forecasting to the next level, make better strategic decisions, and add value to the business, all via easy-to-use interfaces. This can help mid-sized firms quickly catch up and compete with peers in larger companies.



# Forging a new relationship with human resources

CFOs say they need to collaborate more effectively with HR leaders, especially on business performance metrics and common databases.

CFOs and chief human resources officers (CHROs) must work together more effectively. That's the resounding message from our global CFO survey, reflecting the significant change to their relationship over recent years.

HR leaders often reported to CFOs in the past. But as finance leaders shift focus towards risk management, it is prompting many firms to create a CHRO position, typically reporting to the CEO.

The [latest research](#) on this topic shows just 13% of HR heads report to the CFO, with the remainder reporting directly to CEOs. That number has likely fallen further due to post-COVID talent shortages and increasing focus on employee concerns, boosting the CHRO role.

This change means the CFO and CHRO need to forge a new relationship. Some 80% of respondents in our survey believe they must work more effectively with HR heads. But clarification is needed around how it should work and where the boundaries and responsibilities lie as 87% of CFOs say the crossover between finance and HR is more significant than ever.

## Deeper understanding of HR

HR has evolved from the back office into a strategic function over the past decade, according to Megan Smith, head of HR at SAP North America. Employee experience



is increasingly recognized as a factor in corporate success; it must be managed from a people perspective.

“Now the CFO is responsible for financial accountability and the CHRO for people strategy. But these two are tightly interwoven because HR is a non-revenue generating cost center that needs to run efficiently,” Smith explains. “People practices are not always easy to measure tangibly or communicate on a balance sheet. It’s about understanding long-term strategy. So there must be a tight relationship to ensure the CFO understands HR investments and what the returns look like.”

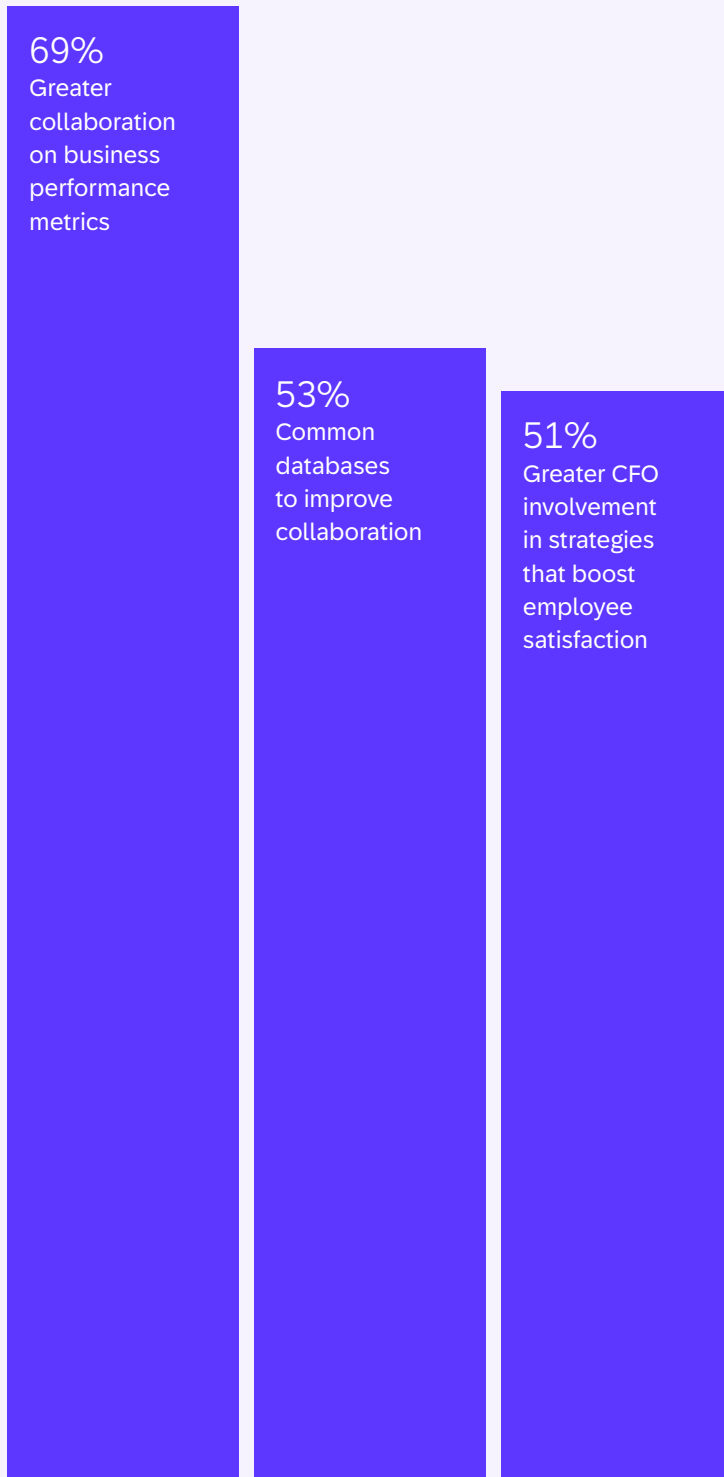
80%

said CFOs and CHROs have a duty to work more effectively together.

87%

said the crossover between finance and HR is more significant than ever.

**Figure 16:** What are the top issues where CFOs and CHROs could work together?



**Q:** “Of the listed initiatives, where do you feel that CFOs and CHROs (or equivalents) could work more effectively together?”

“There must be a tight relationship to ensure the CFO understands HR investments and what the returns look like.

Smith says CFOs have recently deepened that understanding.

“For example, I have close conversations with our North America CFO about why investments in our benefits are worthwhile. They cannot be solely measured on mass usage. It’s also important to support the diverse needs of our employees so they feel included and that the organization sees their needs. This conversation is about personalization, and supporting individuality and the whole self. That type of support doesn’t cater to everyone, and it comes with a different price tag. These investments are highly strategic as they say a lot to employees about the type of company they work for.”

#### **Collaboration priorities**

Finance leaders in our survey see some jobs as the responsibility of the CHRO or CEO. More than 87% of CFOs do not believe providing human explanations behind business data, talent acquisition strategy, or understanding of HR performance metrics are part of their role.

However, they say they could improve working with HR through more:

- collaboration on business performance metrics
- common databases
- involvement in strategies that boost employee satisfaction.

Smith says: “HR leaders are investing strongly in HR systems and that’s a huge conversation with finance to measure the functionality required, affordability, scope, and return on investment. We need a strong connection with the CFO because they have to understand that to see the value.”

CFOs' understanding of HR performance metrics has also grown, Smith says, but must be enabled through data-driven conversations with the CFO.

Common data plays a role, she says. For example, it is important to measure usage and outcomes when it comes to benefits.

“Does it help employees do their best work? How does that compare to industry trends and what we hear from employees directly? Common data across these conversations is helpful, but a challenge for many organizations,” explains Smith. “They are different data points and you have to figure out a way to marry them.”

In Smith's experience, HR uses people metrics to establish value, while finance uses budgets and financial metrics.

“I may think it's a clear-cut business case. However, using different metrics, they may come to a different view. So this collaboration needs to marry fiscal responsibility with enabling employees to optimize performance.”

And when the business is transforming - for example, from on-premises to remote and cloud-based technologies - behaviors and metrics can change. So collaboration must be ongoing and iterative to ensure all parties understand how changing motivators drive performance.

### CFOs and talent strategy

As labor markets have cooled slightly, talent shortages have dropped down CFO agendas - just 3% say they are a top three external challenge.

But finance leaders still want to understand employee thinking, as 81% agree workers have more power to dictate corporate activities than ever.

Employee concerns highlighted by CFOs in our survey focus on pay, work-life balance, and benefits. There is also an emphasis on human rights, for example around ethical supply chains and modern slavery; this is a particular focus in the U.S. However, diversity is an issue almost everywhere.

“Employees want to work for companies where they feel connected to the purpose and reputation,” says Smith. “Brands need to reflect this to attract the best talent, and CFOs need to understand why this matters.”

She points to diversity, equity and inclusion (DEI) as an example. If only 1% of employees have taken up a benefit, it may seem that you should not invest in it. However, it could still be a good choice if supporting diverse talent boosts your reputation as an employer.

“Socially, we're evolving so much at SAP and SAP Concur to reflect the communities we serve and operate in. How people feel about the decisions companies make has changed. So that decision could have a lasting impact on your organization's culture.”

Smith says the conversation about work-life balance has also evolved to talk about problems such as mental health and burnout, and how companies are supporting these issues. Setting culture is important; while the CFO is not always central to these conversations, they must agree with the necessary investments to support that culture. The CHRO therefore needs to bring them along in that strategy. The CFO must share this vision. A great example is the cost-benefits decision around how much physical office space to keep, given the moves towards remote working since the pandemic.



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# The challenges and opportunities of managing uncertainty



Managing heightened risk isn't easy. But with the right skills and technologies, finance leaders can grasp exciting new opportunities.

The CFO's new role as chief manager of uncertainty creates a host of challenges and opportunities. CFOs today must quickly pivot and take on new skills and capabilities, from redefining the relationship with HR to boosting the company's focus on analytics, AI, and sustainability.

By its nature, it will never be easy to manage growing levels of risk. But with the right aptitude and technologies, finance leaders can overcome the challenges and enter an exciting new world of opportunity. Those who make the right moves and position themselves carefully, as laid out in this report, will reap the benefits with upgraded roles and careers. They will gain the platform they need to help guide their organization towards a more sustainable, profitable, and stable future.

## About SAP Concur

SAP® Concur® is the world's leading brand for integrated travel, expense, and invoice management. Driven by a relentless pursuit to simplify and automate everyday processes, the solutions guide employees through business trips, move authorized charges directly into expense reports, and automate invoice approvals. By integrating near real-time data and using AI to analyze transactions, businesses can see what they're spending, improve compliance, and avoid possible blind spots in the budget. SAP Concur is imagining a world where travel and expenses practically manage themselves, helping businesses run at their best every day.

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